

THE MESSENGER

The Monthly Newsletter of St. Paul the Apostle Orthodox Church
OCTOBER 2014



St. Tikhon, Patriarch of Moscow — October 9

MARK THE DATES

- October 1: Protection of the Theotokos, Divine Liturgy, 8:00 AM
- October 6-9: Diocesan Council; Diocesan Assembly, Phoenix, AZ (Father out of town)
- October 11: Russian Confessions, 9:00 AM; Slavonic Liturgy, 10:00 AM
- October 13: Columbus Day
- October 21: Parish Council Meeting, 6:00 PM
- October 25: SECOND ANNUAL OKTOBERFEST (after Vespers)
- November 1: Clocks fall back one hour tonight before bed!

Send email addresses and corrections to: fatherjohn@lasvegasorthodox.com

October 2014

St. Paul the Apostle Orthodox Church • Las Vegas, Nevada

<p>GREETERS</p> <p>OCTOBER 5: OSBURN/MURPHY OCTOBER 12: CAMPBELL/WHEELER OCTOBER 19: MCAULEY/JOHNSON OCTOBER 26: MASON/CONDUCTOR</p>	<p>1</p> <p>DIVINE LITURGY, 8:00 AM PROTECTION OF THE THEOTOKOS</p> <p>DAILY VESPERS, 6:30 PM ADULT FAITH FORUM</p>	<p>2</p> <p>ERITREAN SERVICE, 8:00 AM COFFEE CHAT, 10:00 AM</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>4</p> <p>GREAT VESPERS, 5:00 PM CONFESSIONS CHOIR REHEARSAL</p>		
<p>5</p> <p>DIVINE LITURGY, 9:00 AM HOURS: YOUTH EPISTLE: YOUTH POST-COMM: YOUTH CHURCH SCHOOL</p>	<p>6</p>	<p>7</p>	<p>8</p>	<p>9</p> <p>ERITREAN SERVICE, 8:00 AM NO COFFEE CHAT</p>	<p>10</p>	<p>11</p> <p>RUSSIAN CONFESSIONS, 9:00 AM SLAVONIC LITURGY 10:00 AM</p> <p>GREAT VESPERS, 5:00 PM CONFESSIONS</p>
<p>DIOCESAN ASSEMBLY, PHOENIX, AZ, OCTOBER 7-9</p> <p>FATHER JOHN OUT OF TOWN, OCT 6-9 (DIOCESAN COUNCIL BEFORE ASSEMBLY)</p>						
<p>12</p> <p>DIVINE LITURGY, 9:00 AM HOURS: STRANSKY EPISTLE: DEMKO POST-COMM: BROOKS CHURCH SCHOOL</p>	<p>13</p> <p>COLUMBUS DAY</p>	<p>14</p>	<p>15</p> <p>DAILY VESPERS, 6:30 PM ADULT FAITH FORUM</p>	<p>16</p> <p>ERITREAN SERVICE, 8:00 AM COFFEE CHAT, 10:00 AM</p>	<p>17</p>	<p>18</p> <p>GREAT VESPERS, 5:00 PM CONFESSIONS</p>
<p>19</p> <p>DIVINE LITURGY, 9:00 AM HOURS: DEMKO EPISTLE: BROOKS POST-COMM: PARKER CHURCH SCHOOL</p>	<p>20</p>	<p>21</p> <p>BAPTISM, 4:00 PM PARISH COUNCIL, 6:00 PM</p>	<p>22</p> <p>DAILY VESPERS, 6:30 PM ADULT FAITH FORUM</p>	<p>23</p> <p>ERITREAN SERVICE, 8:00 AM COFFEE CHAT, 10:00 AM</p>	<p>24</p>	<p>25</p> <p>BAPTISM, 10:00 AM</p> <p>GREAT VESPERS, 5:00 PM CONFESSIONS OKTOBERFEST</p>
<p>26</p> <p>DIVINE LITURGY, 9:00 AM HOURS: HOOD EPISTLE: PARKER POST-COMM: RIGGS CHURCH SCHOOL</p>	<p>27</p>	<p>28</p>	<p>29</p> <p>DAILY VESPERS, 6:30 PM ADULT FAITH FORUM</p>	<p>30</p> <p>ERITREAN SERVICE, 8:00 AM COFFEE CHAT, 10:00 AM</p>	<p>31</p>	<p>Nov 1</p> <p>GREAT VESPERS, 5:00 PM CONFESSIONS CLOCKS BACK TONIGHT</p>



The Messenger

St. Paul the Apostle Orthodox Church

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OCTOBER 2014

Twelve Reasons

LISTS LIKE THIS are usually so much “clickbait,” I know... [Clickbait: an eye-catching link on a website which encourages people to read on. It is often paid for by the advertiser and generates income based on the number of clicks]...but I thought it was nevertheless worthwhile to compile a list of most of the reasons why I became and remain an Orthodox Christian. Some of these things were not really on my radar when I became Orthodox in 1998, but they are part of the reason why I genuinely do love belonging to the Orthodox Church (which is why “and/or Remain” is in the title).

The nature of lists like this is such that they can't constitute apologetics, really, nor is this one (at least) intended to be universally applicable — these are my reasons. They may not be someone else's. It will also become apparent that my background as an Evangelical prior to becoming Orthodox is a major factor here. So, all that said, here's the list.

1) I believe the Orthodox Church really is the one, true

Church of Christ. There's a lot that could be said here, but the reason why I believe this is that I examined both the Scriptures and the early history of Christianity, and I became convinced that the only church that matches them both is Orthodoxy. Particularly formative for me were the writings of St. Ignatius of Antioch, a disciple of the Apostle John. The church life he described was definitely not what I saw in Evangelicalism. Since he was someone who learned how to be a Christian from the Apostles themselves, I wanted to be in his church.

Orthodoxy takes history seriously and doesn't gloss over the hard stuff. It also doesn't pick and choose from early Christian witness to develop a streamlined “system” of theology that is easy to swallow. Rather, because Orthodoxy is truly the community descended from the Apostles, within its theological memory are centuries of dogma, doctrine and theological reflection. Not all of it is totally consistent or easy to sort out, but it is nevertheless one great river of truth with an

overall unified direction. One doesn't see that in the same way in Roman Catholicism (there are several major turns in history), and it is impossible to find that in Protestantism. Most Protestants aren't even concerned with it. None of that means I regard non-Orthodox Christians as damned, nor do I even regard all Orthodox Christians as definitely destined for eternal bliss. And Orthodoxy's truth is no testament to me. Orthodoxy is true, but not because of me.

2) Orthodoxy gives me something to do. I don't mean that I was bored and needed something to entertain me. I mean that the Christian life as I had been taught it prior to becoming Orthodox was essentially non-critical. I had been “saved,” and there was really nothing critical to do after that. I should try to be moral, of course, and get other people to get saved, too, but those things weren't really necessary to the big question, which was: “Do you know what would happen to you if you died tonight?” Well, I knew. I was “saved.” I was going to

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Heaven. But what if spiritual life is actually all critical? What if you need to endure to the end to be saved? What if being a Christian means working out your salvation with fear and trembling? Orthodoxy provides a full-bodied, full-souled spiritual life that assumes that everything you do as a Christian makes you either more like God or less like Him, and because becoming like God is what salvation consists of, that means that everything you do is critical. You haven't "arrived" in this life. You should be moral and you should be evangelistic not because they get you bigger rewards in Heaven but because those things are part of what it means to cooperate with God so that you can be saved.

3) Orthodoxy gives me a way to see and touch God physically.

The Son of God became the Son of Mary, and that means that He became visible and touchable. In Orthodoxy, the implications of the doctrine of the Incarnation are that the divine presence — holiness — actually becomes present in the material world. Now, one can argue that that presence is uniquely present only in one physical place — the human body of Jesus — or one can be consistent and see how holiness shows forth in lots of other physical places both in the Bible and in subsequent Christian history. Saints' bones, apostles' shadows and even handkerchiefs touched by apostles have all showed forth the power of God. Within that context, when Jesus said "This is My Body" and "This is My Blood," it makes more sense to take Him seriously and not just metaphorically. That's

why St. Paul warned that people who received Holy Communion unworthily could get sick or even die. If it's "just" a symbol, why would it do that? The physicality of Orthodoxy — sacraments, incense, vestments, church architecture, icons, etc. — don't get between me and God. They put me in touch with God. A bridge between two cliffs does not get between the cliffs but rather connects them. Orthodoxy's many physical elements not manmade magic, but the working out of God's gift of the Incarnation, the reconnecting of God and man.

4) Change is really hard. People sometimes joke that Orthodoxy is not really an "organized religion," with emphasis on "organized." There is no pope handing down uniform instructions to the whole Church; our chiefest prelates often can't seem to get along; and it seems like we're never going to get around to holding that Great and Holy Council we've been talking about for nearly a century. But all those things don't bother me. For one thing, it means that sheer logistics make it nearly impossible for us to alter what we do.

And if all that Eternity and Truth stuff is really true, why should we even think about altering it? It can't get voted on democratically, and it can't get imposed monarchically. So change doesn't much happen. That's not a bug. It's a feature. Orthodoxy is not going to change out from under you. That lack of organization also leads me to love Orthodoxy for another reason, too:

5) Orthodoxy really is one Church. Unlike the denomina-

tionalism of the Protestant world, the various churches of Orthodoxy really do have to talk to each other and work things out. A Presbyterian and a Lutheran may each recognize each other as Christian, but they have almost no stake in each other's internal church life. The same even holds true of someone belonging to the PCA and someone belonging to the PCUSA (both Presbyterian denominations). They don't have to work anything out between them. A PCA church plant does not in any way infringe on the territory of the PCUSA, because they're not the same church. Orthodoxy may often bicker and fight (though most parishioners never see this unless they happen to be in a dysfunctional parish), but the fact that we have such bickering and fighting with each other means that we recognize in each other that we are one Church, that we have a problem and that we need to fix it. Protestants always have the option of just splitting (and once splits occur, they don't have to bother with each other), while Roman Catholics can ultimately appeal to the Vatican, who can impose solutions that work for the Vatican but might not work for everyone else involved.

6) Orthodoxy is a faith for the whole life. Because Orthodoxy comes with a vast set of expressions of its tradition, you can never exhaust it all. There is always something new not just to learn but to become. While we don't really "arrive" until the next life (and I'd argue even that is not an arrival; that is, it's not the end of the road of salvation), there are many way-stations in this life that delight and grant

joy. The difference between Orthodoxy and Evangelicalism in this regard is that I'm talking about not just growing in wisdom, which is common to all religious traditions, but that Orthodoxy tracks many stages of spiritual development throughout a whole lifetime. I remember one time hearing a monk explain the response he got from a holy elder on Mount Athos after asking him many questions. The elder replied that some things just wouldn't make sense to him until later, until he'd received some level of illumination (theoria). It's true. One cannot read a "Statement of Faith" from Orthodoxy (not even the Creed) and say, "Ah, yes. That is everything Orthodoxy teaches. I understand it now." Again, that's not a bug. It's a feature. Yes, we like things to be simple, to be readily accessible to everyone, but any faith that is not complex enough to address all the complexities of human experience is not worthy of the dignity of mankind. Orthodoxy provides that in a way that I haven't found anywhere else.

7) Orthodoxy is a faith for the whole world. There are no "target demographics" for Orthodoxy. We don't do market research to figure out how to attract young people, old people, urban people, suburban people, or whatever particular demographic we might desire for our parish. A parish can often have a certain degree of commonality among members, but that isn't by inherent design. There was no committee that met saying, "How do we get the 30-something suburbanites?" Yes, Orthodoxy is sometimes plagued with ethnocentrism. But

that's a distortion of Orthodoxy, not faithfulness to it. And it's not everywhere. I've belonged to both more ethnically focused and less ethnically focused, as well as ethnically non-focused Orthodox parishes, and none of them had an ethnic membership card check at the door. Orthodoxy is really a universal faith that has shaped numerous cultures and languages over many centuries. If people as diverse as Arabs, Greeks, Serbs, Georgians, Russians, Estonians and Finns can all sing the same faith, and if both their young and old can sing it together, then truly, anyone is welcome. (Some Orthodox need to remember that more than others, though.)

8) Orthodoxy is a faith for the whole person. Mankind is not just emotionally moved by beauty, but he aches to be near it, to create it as much as that is possible. More than any other iteration of Christian faith, the Orthodox Church knows how to envelop the worshiper with beauty in all five (or more!) senses, both otherworldly beauty that transports the worshiper and otherworldly beauty that transforms the earthly. One might describe this as aesthetic, but it is not "mere" aesthetics in the sense of something that appeals only to the senses, perhaps for entertainment value, but goes nowhere in particular. This is aesthetic in the sense that God Himself is beauty. That is why Orthodoxy, while sometimes homely or homey, is never cheesy. It is timely and timeless, but not "contemporary." The beauty of Orthodoxy addresses the whole human person in multiple ways. It is not a faith just for the "soul" or the "heart,"

but for the body, as well, including our ability to apprehend beauty.

9) God really does love you the way you are, and He loves you so much, He won't leave you that way. There seems to be a constant battle these days, especially within Protestantism, over whether God should be perceived as loving or as a judge. Even those who preach that God is love still tend to preach a God Who is angry at you for your sins and has to be appeased. But Orthodoxy preaches the God Who is consistently loving, a God Who loves with such strength that His love will change you, if only you will cooperate with it. The change won't be lousy, either, turning you into some goody-goody prude. Rather, it will be a change into authentic personhood, where virtue is striven for because of communion, not because of adherence to arbitrary rules.

10) Orthodoxy is both mystical and rational. Some Orthodox will oppose the mystical to the rational, but that's a mistake, I believe. For all the apophatic theology (theology which emphasizes our inability to know God with our minds), there is also a lot of cataphatic theology (theology that makes clear, positive truth claims) in the tradition of the Church. We don't have to choose one or the other, nor are the two really alternatives to each other. Apophatic theology is also not merely a "corrective" to cataphatic theology. Rather, both are simply ways of talking about theological emphases within Orthodoxy. It is not as though, when

I am serving the Divine Liturgy, I switch on the "rational" part when preaching the Gospel and then toggle the switch to "mystical" when I drink from the Chalice. All these things are in play simultaneously. I love that, and I haven't really encountered that anywhere but in the Orthodox Church.

11) Orthodoxy is ascetical. No Christian body takes asceticism as seriously as Orthodoxy does. Roman Catholicism has it in its tradition, but it is mostly ignored. Yet Orthodoxy expects all Christians to fast, to stand vigil, to be as non-possessive as possible, etc., and it provides a programme for how to do that. You don't have to make it up for yourself, because the tradition is already established. And it's also customizable according to the pastoral discernment of your father-confessor.

Asceticism is a way to do real battle with the broken modes that the human will functions in. It allows a man to take control of himself in a powerful way so that he can redirect his God-given powers and energies back toward God and away from his base appetites. Asceticism doesn't save anyone, but it certainly does help. Why? Because we are only saved to the degree that we want it. Asceticism helps us to want it.

And as anyone who has really fasted for all of Lent and then tasted that first taste of roast lamb at Pascha can tell you, asceticism actually makes the good things of this earth taste better. Far from being a denigration of God's good creation, asceticism returns the creation to us and opens up its beauty in ways that

consuming it without restraint cannot ever do.

12) Orthodoxy aims higher than any other Christian faith. While theosis (deification/divinization) is not the only model of salvation in Orthodox Christian theology, it certainly makes some of the strongest claims. There are hints at doctrines of theosis in Roman Catholicism. (I am not aware of any Protestant groups that teach it.) Yet it is only in Orthodoxy that one is taught that salvation means to become by grace what Christ is by nature, that "God became man so that man might become divine" (Athanasius, *On the Incarnation*) that becoming "partakers of the divine nature" (2 Pet. 1:4) is actually expounded upon. "I have said, 'ye are gods, and all of you are sons of the Most High'" (Ps. 82:6) is taken very seriously. You won't find that anywhere else.

Even Pentecostals who teach that you can be chosen by God, spoken through by God, etc., aren't really teaching that you can enter into such union with God that you begin to take on the divine attributes. But that is exactly what Orthodoxy teaches, that the transfiguration, death, resurrection and ascension of Christ are all what it truly means to be a Christian, that mankind is now seated on the very Throne of God Himself, and being in Christ means being seated there, too.

Pretty daring. But why settle for less? So those are some of my reasons. What are yours?

—Fr. Andrew Stephen Damick,
<http://roadsfromemmaus.org>

STEWARDSHIP MONTH

October is "Stewardship Month" in our parish. We will be focusing on the teachings of Scripture, the Church, and our Lord about what it means to be a Christian Steward. We will have sermons, meditations and articles on this most basic and valuable aspect of Christian Life.

At the end of the month, we will once again distribute pledge forms for next year. We ask that every member of St. Paul's offer time, talent and treasure to the upbuilding of God's Holy Church.

FEASTDAYS

During October, we celebrate the following feastday. Please join us!

Protection of the Theotokos

October 1

DIVINE LITURGY, 8:00 AM (WED)

CHOIR REHEARSAL

The normal monthly choir rehearsal will be held following Vespers on October 4th. All choir members are asked to make every effort to be present.

DIOCESAN ASSEMBLY

Father John and Cathy Wilkalis are representing our parish at the annual Diocesan Assembly. They will be at Ss. Peter and Paul Church in Phoenix, Arizona. Father will be there October 6-9, with a Diocesan Council meeting before the assembly. Please pray for them and all our delegates as we set the direction of our diocese for the next year.

If there is an emergency during this time, please contact Matushka Liz and we will handle everything locally.

SLAVONIC SERVICE

Father Alexander will be here for the regular monthly services on **October 11**. Russian Confessions will be heard Saturday at 9:00 AM, followed by the Slavonic Liturgy at 10:00 AM.

ADULT FAITH FORUM

The Adult Faith Forum continues with discussion/bible study about the Orthodox teachings on contemporary issues. We are focusing right now on the Sermon on the Mount. Once again, we will have Wednesday evening Daily Vespers at 6:30 PM, followed by class.

OKTOBERFEST

Our Fellowship Committee has begun planning for our second annual Oktoberfest, to be held on Saturday, October 25, following Vespers. Tickets (\$10 for adults and \$5 for 12 and under) are available from Tim Johnson and Pam Campbell. We will have German brats and fixings, hamburgers and hot dogs, and scrumptious side dishes.

David Poe and friends will be providing live entertainment. Mark the date and invite others! We hope to move outdoors this year if it is still warm enough.

CHURCH SCHOOL

Classes have resumed with great excitement. We do need **substitute teachers**, so if you can volunteer, please see Christina Sas or Amy McAuley. Church School registration is continuing in the church hall.

Qualifications to teach: you must be an active, communing Orthodox Christian at least 18 years of age, setting a good example for our children. You must have been

a member of the parish for at least 12 months. You must undergo a criminal background check if one has not been done before. You must be willing to be regularly present each Sunday for classes.

COOKING CLUB

The next meeting of St. Paul's Cooking Club will meet on a date to be announced for mid October. Matushka Liz will lead the class in the art of making piroghi. Everyone interested is welcome to attend.

LOOKING AHEAD

Please note the following events/dates to begin planning.

Nov 1: change clocks!

Nov 15: Nativity Fast begins

Nov 27: Thanksgiving Day

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

We have established a goal of **\$60,000** to fund needed projects to maintain and repair our aging infrastructure. We ask everyone to consider a special donation to this fund, above and beyond your normal contributions for the support of the parish.

FEEDING THE HOMELESS

Our next Feeding the Homeless project date is **Saturday, November 15th**. We gather at 10:30 AM to prepare bag lunches then go down to distribute them to the needy. Join us! If you can donate any of the items needed for the lunches (or funds to provide such), it would be appreciated.

CHARITY

Our normal collections of food for Friends of the Desert continue. *Special needs at this time: jelly, jam, peanut butter, canned fruit, canned tuna/chicken.* Thank you!

ORTHODOX VENDORS

We have established a list of businesses that our parish uses or are owned and operated by Orthodox Christians (some parishioners). We provide this information for you to consider if you need services.

Amco Plumbing
Howard Powell
(702) 839-1286

CB Air Conditioning
Cedomir Blagojevic
(702) 493-0295

Dolphin Court Salon & Day Spa
7581 W. Lake Mead Blvd.
(702) 946-6000

Nina Grozav, Realtor
bnv7777@gmail.com
(702) 521-0208
speaks Russian and Romanian

Kyklos Café (Greek food)
Galleria Mall
Sophocles Frangakis
(702) 450-1515

XpressPro (auto repair)
3190 E. Sunset Rd.
Bruce & Svetlana Balasky
(702) 815-0444

PRAYER FOR OUR PARISH

We ask everyone to remember our parish in daily prayer:
Lord, God and Savior of all, we thank You for the blessing of St. Paul parish in our lives. May Your word become alive in each and every one of us who strive to follow You. Please bless and multiply all the gifts — time, talent and treasure — which are given in thanks to benefit our mission and glorify Your name. Bless and multiply the givers and help us all to make present Your Kingdom. For You are the Giver of all that is

good, O Christ our God, and to You we give glory, together with Your Father who is without beginning and Your all-holy, good and life-giving Spirit, now and ever, and unto ages of ages. Amen.

SACRAMENTS/SPECIAL SERVICES

Please follow these guidelines.

• **Baptisms.** A personal meeting scheduled with Fr. John will be necessary to schedule any baptism requested.

• **Matrimony.** A date and time for weddings must be requested at least six months (preferably twelve) in advance. There will be premarital sessions for both bride and groom to attend.

• **Memorials (Panikhida).** Requests for a memorial must be made at least one week in advance. If possible, the service should be served on Saturday. Other requests will be met as pastorally possible.

PARISH COUNCIL SYNOPSIS SEPTEMBER 15, 2014 MEETING

There was no quorum present for the meeting, so the time was spent in informal discussion and reporting. No actions were taken.

PARISH DIPTYCHS

This list of parish departed is to remind us all of those whom we love and miss and to spur us to remember them in our daily prayers. They will be remembered in the proskomedia before each liturgy.

MONTH OF OCTOBER

Nikola Levrich
October 3, 1989

Anna Shrive
October 6, 1999

Darrell George Brezoff
October 6, 1999

Harry George Turlish
October 7, 1994

Svetislav Djoric
October 7, 1994

John Pavelle
October 7, 2003

Elmas Boyajian
October 17, 1997

James Manassess
October 17, 1997

John (Thouas) Thomas
October 21, 1989

Helen Friesl
October 26, 2004

Simona Heckel
October 27, 1991

Maria Hernandez
October 27, 2007

Sophia Mouratithou
October 31, 1991

Stanley Andrews
October 31, 1993

Milton Kevershan
October 31, 1995

Ernest Kanakis
October 31, 1997

